PROPER USE GUIDELINES

Cumulative Trauma Disorders can result from the prolonged use of manually powered hand tools. Hand tools are intended for occasional use and low volume applications. A wide selection of powered application equipment for extended-use, production operations is available.

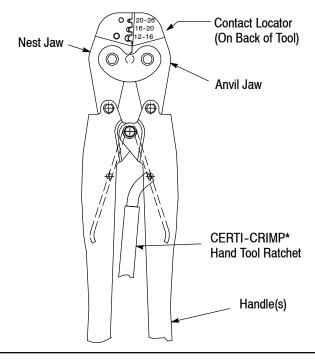


Figure 1

1. INTRODUCTION

Double Action Hand Tool (DAHT) 1804834-1 and Crimping Head 1-1804834-1 (shown in Figure 1) are used to crimp Raychem MiniSeal Splices listed in Figure 2 onto stranded wire sizes 26-12 AWG.

Read these instructions thoroughly before using the tool.



Dimensions in this instruction sheet are in millimeters [with inch equivalents in brackets]. Figures and illustrations are for reference only and are not drawn to scale.

Reasons for reissue of this instruction sheet are provided in Section 7, REVISION SUMMARY.

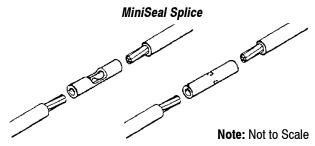
2. DESCRIPTION

The tool consists of a ratchet, two crimping jaws (indenter and anvil) containing three crimping chambers, and a terminal locator. The tool is marked with the wire size range for each crimping chamber. See Figure 1. Full crimping of the splice is assured by the ratchet. Once engaged, the ratchet does not

release until the tool handles have been FULLY closed.



The crimping jaws bottom before the ratchet releases. This feature ensures maximum electrical and tensile performance of the crimp. Do NOT re-adjust the ratchet.



TE Hand	Raychem Splice No.●	Splice Color Code	Crimping Chamber Marked	Wire	
Tool/ Crimping Head				Wire Size Range (AWG)	Wire Strip Length
1804834-1 1-1804834-1	D-436-36	Red	20-26	20-26	7.9-8.6 [.3134]
	D-436-37	Blue	16-20	16-20	7.9-8.6 [.3134]
	D-436-38	Yellow	12-16	12-16	7.9-8.6 [.3134]

Qualified to MIL-S-81824/1

Figure 2

3. CRIMPING PROCEDURE

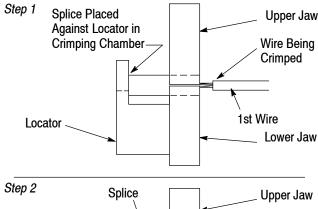
Strip the wire according to the dimensions listed in Figure 2. The strip length is determined by the splice and by the wire size. Do not nick or cut the wire strands. Proceed as follows:

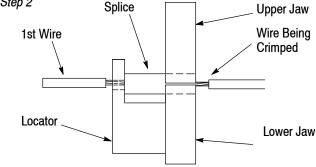
- 1. Close the tool handles until the ratchet releases. Allow the tool handles to open fully.
- 2. Place the splice against the locator in the appropriate crimp chamber. See Figure 3.
- 3. While holding the splice in place, squeeze the tool handles together just until the jaws begin to close on the wire barrel. Do NOT deform the wire barrel.
- 4. Insert the stripped wire into the wire barrel, making sure that the wire insulation does not enter the wire barrel.
- 5. While holding the wire in place, squeeze the tool handles together until the ratchet releases, then allow the tool handles to open fully.

This controlled document is subject to change.

visit our website at www.tycoelectronics.com

For latest revision and Regional Customer Service,





If the wire is stripped correctly (Figure 2), the conductor will be exposed <u>slightly</u> more than the thickness of the locator. This will allow the conductor to enter the slot in the locator

Figure 3

6. To crimp the other half of a butt splice, position the crimped wire barrel against the locator. The crimped wire will go through the slot in the locator. The uncrimped barrel will line up with the crimping chamber. Repeat the crimping procedure.



If the splice cannot be turned for crimping other half, turn the tool around.

4. CRIMP INSPECTION

Inspect crimped terminals and splices by checking the features described in Figure 4. Poor crimps can be avoided by carefully following the procedures provided in Section 3, and by following the tool maintenance procedures provided in Section 5.

5. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Tyco Electronics recommends that a maintenance and inspection program be performed periodically to ensure dependable and uniform terminations. Frequency of inspection depends on:

- 1. The care, amount of use, and handling of the hand tool.
- 2. The presence of abnormal amounts of dust and dirt.
- 3. The degree of operator skill.
- 4. Your own established standards.

The tool is inspected before being shipped; however, Tyco Electronics recommends that the tool be inspected immediately upon arrival at your facility to ensure that the tool has not been damaged during shipment.

5.1. Daily Maintenance

- 1. Remove dust, moisture, and other contaminants with a clean brush, or a soft, lint-free cloth. Do NOT use objects that could damage the tool.
- 2. Make certain that the retaining pins are in place and that they are secured with retaining rings.
- 3. All pins, pivot points, and bearing surfaces should be protected with a thin coat of any good SAE 20 motor oil. Do NOT oil excessively.
- 4. When the tool is not in use, keep handles closed to prevent objects from becoming lodged in the crimping jaws. Store the tool in a clean, dry area.

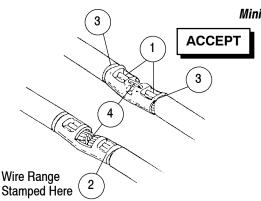
5.2. Lubrication

Lubricate all pins, pivot points, and bearing surfaces with SAE 20 motor oil as follows:

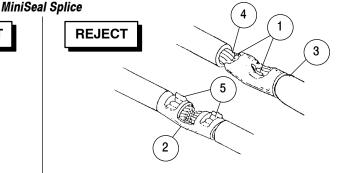
Tools used in daily production—lubricate daily Tools used daily (occasional)—lubricate weekly Tools used weekly—lubricate monthly

5.3. Periodic Inspection

1. The tool should be immersed (handles partially closed) in a reliable commercial degreasing compound to remove accumulated dirt, grease, and foreign matter.



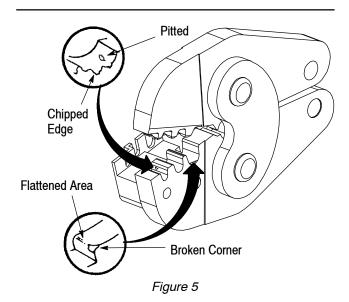
- 1 Crimps centered. Crimps may be off center BUT NOT OFF END OF WIRE BARREL.
- Wire size matches wire color range on splice and tool.
- (3) Wire insulation does not enter wire barrel.
- Wire is visible through inspection hole of butt splices.
 Wire is flush with or extends slightly beyond end of wire barrel.
- On parallel splices, bare wire ends must be flush with or extended slightly beyond end of wire barrel.



- (1) Crimped off end of splice or terminal wire barrel.
- Wire size does not match wire size or color range on splice or tool.
- Wire insulation entered wire barrel of terminal or splice. CHECK FOR INCORRECT STRIP LENGTH.
- Wire not inserted far enough in terminal or splice. End of wire must be visible through inspection hole of butt splices, and be flush with or extend slightly beyond end of wire barrel.
- 5 Excessive "flash" on terminal or splice indicates damaged jaws or wrong wire, splice, or tooling combination was used.
- (f6) Nicked or missing strands.

Figure 4

2. Close tool handles until ratchet releases and then allow them to open freely. If they do not open quickly and fully, the spring is defective and must be replaced. See Section 6, REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR.

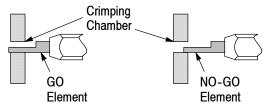


3. Inspect head assembly for worn, cracked, or broken jaws. Refer to Figure 5. If damage is evident, return the tool to Tyco Electronics for evaluation and repair. See Section 6, REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR.

5.4. Gaging the Crimping Chambers

This inspection requires the use of a plug gage conforming to the dimensions provided in Figure 6. Tyco Electronics does not manufacture or market these gages. To gage the crimping chambers, proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove traces of oil or dirt from the crimping chambers and plug gage.
- 2. Close the tool handles until it is evident that the jaws have bottomed; then hold in this position. Do NOT force the jaws beyond initial contact.
- 3. Align the GO element with the crimping chamber. Push element straight into the crimping chamber without using force. The GO element must pass completely through the crimping chamber.



"GO" element must pass completely through crimping chamber.

"NO-GO" element may enter partially, but must not pass completely through the crimping chamber.

DAHT 1804834-1 For Raychem MiniSeal Splices							
Tool	Die Closure "A"		Gage Elements "B"				
Cavity	GO	NO-GO	GO	NO-GO			
20-26	0.64	0.81	0.635-0.643	0.836-0.838			
	[.025]	[.032]	[.02500253]	[.03290330]			
16-20	1.07	1.24	1.067-1.074	1.267-1.27			
	[.042]	[.049]	[.04200423]	[.04990500]			
12-16	1.57	1.75	1.575-1.582	1.775-1.778			
	[.062]	[.069]	[.06200623]	[.06990700]			

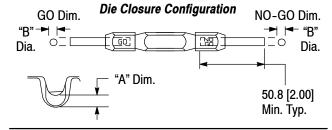


Figure 6

4. Align the NO-GO element and try to insert it straight into the same crimping chamber. The NO-GO element may start entry, but must not pass completely through the crimping chamber.

If the crimping chambers conforms to the gage inspection, the tool is considered dimensionally correct, and should be lubricated with a THIN coat of any good SAE 20 motor oil. If not, the tool must be returned for further evaluation and repair. Refer to Section 6, REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR.

5.5. CERTI- CRIMP Ratchet Inspection

The CERTI-CRIMP ratchet should be checked to ensure that the ratchet does not release prematurely, allowing the jaws to open before they have fully

bottomed. Obtain a 0.025 [.001] shim suitable for checking the clearance between the bottoming surfaces of the crimping jaws. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Select a terminal or splice, and properly stripped wire with *maximum* wire load (such as wire size 16 AWG and size 22–16 terminal).
- 2. Position the terminal or splice and wire between the crimping jaws, as described in Section 3.
- 3. Hold the wire in place and squeeze the handles until the CERTI-CRIMP ratchet releases. Hold the handles in this position, maintaining just enough tension to keep the jaws closed.
- 4. Check the clearance between the bottoming surfaces of the crimping jaws. If the clearance is 0.025 [.001] or less, the ratchet is satisfactory. If clearance exceeds 0.025 [.001], the ratchet is out of adjustment and must be repaired. See Section 6, REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR.

6. REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR

Customer-replaceable parts are listed in Figure 7. A complete inventory should be stocked and controlled to prevent lost time when replacement of parts is necessary. Parts other than those listed should be replaced by Tyco Electronics to ensure quality and reliability. Order replacement parts through your Tyco Electronics Representative, or call 1-800-526-5142, or send a facsimile of your purchase order to 717-986-7605, or write to:

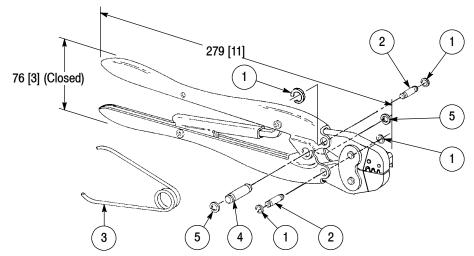
CUSTOMER SERVICE (038-035)
TYCO ELECTRONICS CORPORATION
PO BOX 3608
HARRISBURG PA 17105-3608

Tools may also be returned to Tyco Electronics for evaluation and repair. For customer repair service, please contact a Tyco Electronics Representative at 1-800-526-5136.

7. REVISION SUMMARY

Since the previous release, the following change was made:

Changed the strip length in Figure 3



Replacement Parts						
Item	TE Part Number	Description	Qty Per Tool			
1	21045-3	RING, Retaining	4			
2	1-23619-6	PIN, Straight, Grooved	2			
3	39364	SPRING	1			
4	2-23620-9	PIN, Straight, Grooved	1			
5	21045-6	RING, Retaining	2			

Figure 7